

## School Dogs Risk Assessment

## Includes:

- Purpose and introduction
- Interaction with pupils and staff
- Pupils and staff interaction with the school dog
- Hygiene/Health
- Activities involving the school dog, including walking


## School Dog Risk Assessment

| Purpose | 1. Dogs teach children responsibility. Having to remember to feed, provide water and show support for a dog can give children a sense of importance and satisfaction that they can't get from school or other chores. The relationship that develops can be life-changing for a child and a great support system as they themselves continue to grow and develop. <br> 2. Dogs teach children patience. Dogs do not always do as they are told first time! <br> 3. Dogs teach children compassion. Just like humans, dogs feel emotion and pain. They are prone to injuries and the infirmities of age during their relatively short lives. <br> 4. Dogs teach children about socialisation. Like most of us, dogs are social animals who enjoy and need attention and affection. By learning how to interact with a dog, children can learn how to better socialise with other children. If they can learn the social cues of a dog, then interacting with humans who can talk will be a walk in the park (pun intended). <br> 5. Dogs are fun. Last, but certainly not least, dogs are a lot of fun. They greet you with a wagging tail every day and can cheer you up even on your worst day. <br> Many people have studied dogs in attempts to decipher their behaviour, and the theories abound. However, you just have to witness the interactions between dogs and children to realise the potential for greatness. Dogs can sense when children with epilepsy are about to have a seizure, they can sense when a diabetic child's sugar is low, and they can help children with severe physical disabilities find happiness in life. With the proper training and supervision, a dog can enrich a child's life. After all, dogs are basically four-legged children who never grow up! |
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| Introduction | 'Joey' has been a School Dog in a school in Croydon and we will share him as he will be visiting us one day a week. Joey is a very caring and well-behaved dog who has been an extremely successful School Dog in the first two years of his life. Middi has been at Michael Faraday since he has been a puppy and being trained as a school dog. <br> Joey's Mother is a cocker spaniel and his Father is a miniature poodle. This makes Joey $1 / 2$ cocker spaniel and $1 / 2$ poodle - this mix is known as a Cockapoo. Middi is a cocker spaniel. He shares the same biological mother as Joey, so Joey and Middi are half brothers. <br> Joey and Middi are members of the Dog's Trust and Pet Insurance which means he has public liability insurance. This means they are able to come into school. Both dogs regularly visits the vet for check-ups. Whilst they are visiting the vet, they administer worm and flea treatments as well as make adjustments to their food intake to ensure they remains a health weight. <br> In addition to the 5 key reasons for school dogs joining us outlined in the purpose, we also believe he will improve the children's abilities within the school's core values and help to improve and secure higher attendance levels. <br> Joey comes to school on a Wednesday with Riana Gouws (HT). Middi comes to school 3 days a week (Monday, Thursday and Friday) with Laura (class teacher). |

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| Reason: To ensure the school dog interacts appropriately at all times |  |  |  |  |
| Step 1 Identify the Hazards | Step 2 <br> Who might be harmed \& how? | Step 3 <br> What are you already doing? | Risk <br> Rating | Action required |
| School dog biting a child or adult | Child or adult could be hurt if a dog bites | Both school dogs are being trained not to bite. When the dog is approached in the correct way there is very limited danger. Both dogs have been in school since they were 9 weeks old and very used to interaction with children. | Low | Ensure that children and adults do not interact with the school dog without supervision <br> Ensure that all interaction with the school dog is completed in the agreed way <br> On-going reminders during assemblies and in class of how to interact with the school dog |
| Jumping up/scratching | If a dog becomes excited there is a danger that they could jump up and knock a child over or leave a scratch mark | The temperament of Joey and Middi The agreed training programme has involved not jumping up with praise/rewards being given when successful. | Medium | Ensure that children and adults do not interact with the school dog without supervision <br> The school dog will be kept in the office or in in the courtyard outside the office (which is not part of the children's playground). When people come to interact with him or under lead control by an authorised adult |
| Direct interaction with children/staff | If a dog is allowed to interact when not in the correct frame of mind children/ staff could be scratched | No interaction is allowed without authorisation <br> Interaction will be cancelled if the school dog shows signs of incorrect behaviour <br> Rewards/praise will be given to reinforce the desired behaviour | Medium | Ensure that the school dog is approached in the agreed manner |
| Destruction of materials | If allowed a dog may chew/destruct some school materials/resources | The school dog with be under close control at all times <br> The school dog will have his own toys to play with and normal school resources will be removed | Low | Monitor that the equipment used to contain the school dog is appropriate and effective |

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| Incorrect/inconsistent interaction with the school dog | If a child/adult interact with a dog in the incorrect or inconsistent way this could affect a dogs training and have a negative impact on future interaction | Agreed guidelines that must be followed at all times when interacting with the school dog | Medium | If there are any inconsistencies in approach with the school dog the adult/child will have the interaction stopped |
| Use of rewards/treats | Children and adults could be harmed if a dog is over excited when receiving a reward/treat | Adults and children are reminded to wash their hands. <br> Treats will only be given to the school dog with authorisation | Low | Reminders to the children to wash hands / use alcohol gel after handling treats <br> Treats to be put away to ensure they can only be used after authorisation |
| Pupil/staff knowledge of interaction with a puppy/dog | If adults and children have limited knowledge of how to interact correctly this could result in harm to a dog or themselves | There is an agreed format for how to interact with the school dog, which is shared with children in assembly | Medium | Invite 'The Dog's Trust' to visit each year group to conduct a 'Be Dog Smart' course with all of the children dog |

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| Worms/fleas | If a dog is not treated for worms there is a danger that germs can be transferred to humans | The school dog will be treated monthly for worms and fleas | Low | Monitor that vet visits happen promptly and take actions suggested by the vet |
| Faeces | If a child/adult come into contact with dog faeces some germs could be transferred | The school dog will only be walked under supervision <br> No child will be asked to pick up the dog's faeces, this will always be undertaken by the adult in supervision | Low | If a child finds faeces (of any sort) on the school field/playground they will report it to an adult |
| Allergies | If a child is allergic to dogs they could become unwell | Joey is a Cockapoo and is hyper allergenic <br> Children can only be in close, targeted contact with the school dog once the school has written permission from parents/guardians <br> If a child has an allergy the school dog will not carry out tasks near the child | Low |  |
| Children's access to school dog's resource | If a child has access dog treats/food and eats some they could become unwell | All of the school dog's resources will be put away <br> No child will be allowed to enter the school dog's area without authorisation | Low | Remind children not to enter area |
| Contact with food preparation areas | If a dog enters a food preparation area this could be unhygienic | The school dog will be under close control or in a contained area or on a lead at all times around school <br> He will never enter the school kitchen | Trivial |  |
| Cleaning hands after interacting with the school dog | If hands are not cleaned children/adults could become unwell | All adults and children will clean their hands after interaction with the school dog | Low | Remind children and adults to clean their hands |


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| Walking the dog on and off site | Children could be harmed during a walk offsite if they are not focussed <br> Children might be harmed if they do not interact correctly when a dog is on a walk | It would be rare for the school dog to be taken off site, but if that should happen, normal risk assessed procedure will take place <br> No children will take the lead when the school dog goes for a walk unless authorised to do so by accompanying adult <br> No children will be allowed to interact with the school dog when he is on a walk unless permission is given | Medium | Careful consideration needs to be given to the amount of time the school dog is allowed to walk around school during play/lunchtimes |
| Visits to classroom | If the school dog visits a class and the children do not follow the correct procedure he may become over excited | The school dog will initially only make classroom visits with an assigned adult <br> The children in classrooms will follow the agreed procedure or interaction will stop | Medium | Careful consideration will be given to when the school dog can visit classrooms and be under the control of the class teacher or teaching assistant |
| Being fed | If a child tries to interact when a dog is eating they may respond aggressively | No child will be allowed in the school dog's contained area when he is eating <br> All feeding will be supervised | Low | Reminders to the children feeding the school dog to not interact when he is eating Children may be trained to prepare the food for the school dog (washing their hands afterwards) |
| School events | If a dog is overwhelmed they may become aggressive or boisterous | The school dog will only attend school events if they are appropriate and he will be under the control of a supervising adult | Low | Monitor the school dog's reaction to school events. If the school events are too overwhelming the school dog might not attend school on that day |
| Other dogs (on and off site) | If a dog encounters another dog they may become boisterous | No other dogs will be allowed on the school premises | Low | Monitor the school dogs reaction when out walking |

